

Secretary Baker Reports German Grip Shaken MITCHEL HAILED BY 6,000 AT CITY HALL

WILL RUN AGAINST HEARST, HYLAN AND HOHENZOLLERNS, MAYOR'S REPLY TO DEMANDS

Crowd of 6,000 Cheers Mitchell as He Announces His Pro-American Platform.

HUGHES LEADS PRAISE.

"Best Mayor New York Ever Had," Declares Roosevelt—Taft Sends Indorsement.

A mass meeting of about 5,000 men held in the City Hall plaza between noon and 1 o'clock to-day indorsed the candidacy of Mayor John Purroy Mitchell for re-election on an independent ticket and emphasized the claim of Mayor Mitchell's campaign managers that the national leaders of the Republican party are behind him and repudiate the Republican primary which nominated William M. Bennett.

The speech notifying Mayor Mitchell that there is a sincere and substantial public demand that he run for Mayor was delivered by Charles Evans Hughes, the latest Republican candidate for President. Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt was present and called for three cheers for "the best Mayor New York ever had, John P. Mitchell." A telegram from ex-President Taft, indorsing Mayor Mitchell's candidacy and advising Republicans to vote for him, was read.

This meeting, however, was not partisan in tone. Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey and Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee in the last campaign, made a speech strongly endorsing the Mayor's candidacy. Charles Edward Russell, one time a candidate for Mayor on the Socialist ticket, sent a telegram from Holland, Mich., endorsing Mayor Mitchell's administration and stating that every vote against Mayor Mitchell is a vote for Germany against the United States. "NOTHING 50-50 ABOUT MITCHEL," SAYS T. R.

Jacob L. Schiff sent a telegram endorsing the Mayor's candidacy. Oscar Straus and George B. McGuire, Vice President of State Federation of Labor, spoke briefly for the Mayor's administration and expressed the hope that he be re-elected.

The one big moment of the meeting—the climax, it might be said—was created by Col. Roosevelt, when, in his speech, he shouted, in tones that were audible at the Post Office: "There is nothing fifty-fifty about John Purroy Mitchell. He is strictly United States."

"My answer to you is that I

HEIGHT OF WOMEN'S SHOES TO BE LIMITED BY SWEDISH DECREE.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 1.—A decree, effective Oct. 8, limits the height of shoes to 15 centimeters, thus stopping the manufacture of fashionable high boots for women.

MARRIED, BUT SHE SUES FOR \$50,000 HEART BALM

Former Employee Says Dr. Francis D. Griffin Broke Promise to Wed Her.

Heart balm to the extent of \$50,000 is demanded by Gladys Teed, now Mrs. Raymond L. Waide, of Dr. Francis D. Griffin, a dentist, with offices at No. 147 West Seventy-third Street. Her suit for breach of promise started this morning in the Supreme Court before Justice Gleason.

MOTOR SPEEDERS KILL SECOND ARMY AVIATOR

George Forre Run Down by Naval Ensign on Way to Camp at Hempstead.

George Forre of Hills, Okla., a member of the Fifty-first Aviation Corps, Field No. 27, Hempstead, while returning to camp about 1 o'clock this morning was run down by a swiftly driven automobile bearing a Connecticut license, No. 5,541, and died later in the Nassau County Hospital.

Germany to Deport Foreigners to Conserve Food.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 1.—The Telegram says a bill is being prepared in Berlin authorizing the German Government, in view of the scarcity of foodstuffs, to remove from the country all foreigners not employed in war industries. The bill probably will be enforced within a month.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU.

Agents (Publishers) World Building, 35-37 East 42d St., N. Y. City. Tickets, reservations, sailings, etc., via all Railroads, Coastwise, Central and South American Steamship Lines. Baggage and parcel check room open day and night. Travelers' checks and money orders for sale. Telephone 7566—Advt.

DOUSTING OF STONE, LA FOLLETTE AND GRONNA ASKED

Ten More Petitions for Their Removal as "Enemies" Presented to Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections will meet Wednesday to take up petitions presented Saturday and to-day demanding the ousting of Senators La Follette, Stone and Gronna. This announcement was made today by Senator Simmons, Chairman of the committee.

Ten more petitions were presented to the Senate to-day for removal of Senators who have opposed war measures either in Congress or in public speech throughout the country.

Most of the petitions named La Follette. Two named in addition Senators Stone and Gronna and one added Congressman Mason and Britten, Illinois, and Haer, North Dakota. Senator Wadsworth presented a petition signed by more than 100 members of the Rotary Club of Ithaca, N. Y., declaring that La Follette, Gronna and Stone, "enemies of the country's welfare," are "deliberately and maliciously obstructing war legislation."

Vice President Marshall laid a number of letters and telegrams before the Senate. Among them was a letter from W. E. D. Stokes, New York. He said:

"Our citizens demand an immediate secret investigation by patriotic committees of the Senate and House of the charges of treason so widely circulated against Senators La Follette, Stone, Gronna and against Congressman Mason, Britten, Haer and others."

"If something of this kind is not done at once we are sure to wake up some morning and find that some patriotic men moved by impulse have shot those men who disgraced the Senate and Congress, and the whole country will rise as a man and acquit them—but this will only be the beginning of lawless acts, and the blame will be laid at your door—so act at once."

Edward Gillen, Racine, Wis., joined with the Minnesota Public Safety Commission in demanding La Follette be ousted.

"I believe in hanging traitors," wired Gillen.

Gronna is in North Dakota and Stone and La Follette were in a committee meeting when the new petitions were presented.

In reply to the correspondence, Vice President Marshall pointed out that while the Senate may expel a member the initiative must come from a Senator and cannot be forced on an individual or organization.

ESSEN WOMEN IN RIOT DEMAND FOOD AND PEACE

Failure of Michaels to State Germany's Terms Causes Outbreak Near Krupp Works.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—A demonstration against the German Government on Saturday at Essen, home of the Krupp works, in consequence of the decision of Chancellor Michaelis not to state Germany's peace terms is reported in an Associated Press dispatch from Amsterdam.

Women formed a majority of the demonstrators, breaking windows of the town hall and shouting demands for more food for women and for the return of their men folk. The police and military were called out to quell the riot. Two women were injured and several were arrested. The whole of Essen is reported to be in a state of ferment.

BRITISH THREATEN OSTEND, FRENCH GROWING STRONGER, SAYS U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT

Secretary Baker in His Weekly Review Shows That German Communications to Coast Are in Peril—German Wastage on French Front.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Shaken, but still powerful, is the estimate of Germany's defensive strength on the western front given in this week's official communiqué, issued by Secretary Baker of the War Department.

The analysis of the situation on the west front, which the communiqué says remains the principal battlefield of the war, follows: "The battle of Menin Road (Ypres salient), which promises to be one of the great battles of the war, is following its normal course. Last week we recorded the gains of the British in this sector. This week we must note the desperate attempts made by the Germans to retake the lost positions."

"Beginning Sunday last the constantly increasing violence of the counter-attacks reached a culmination on the 25th last, when seven powerful onslaughts by the picked 'storm battalions' of the enemy endeavored vainly to regain the lost objectives. The village of Zonnebeke, the centre of the conflict, is now firmly held by the British."

"It is evident that the efforts of the enemy in this sector are not actuated merely by the desire to regain lost terrain of little more than tactical value, nor must their persistent attacks be considered merely the normal reaction of a modern field engagement in which counter-attack invariably follows upon attacks, but rather it is to be noted that the enemy realizes fully the immense strategic importance of the British thrust along the Menin road."

"This new British advance in the Ypres salient now definitely threatens the enemy's line of communications to the Belgian coast. The Ostend-Lille railway, which in a large measure feeds the German naval bases at Ostend and Zeebrugge—the latter the home port of the German high seas submarine flotilla—now comes within the range of the fire of the British guns."

"The superiority of the British over their enemies was conclusively proved during the engagement of the past week. The battle of Menin Road, furthermore, shows that the fighting stamina of the Germans is deteriorating, not that the enemy did not display great skill and dogged determination in his repeated counter attacks."

"Of the fighting on the French front the communiqué says: 'The outstanding feature of the recent engagements is the wastage of the man-power of the enemy. If we compare the combat front of Verdun in 1916, held by twelve German divisions, with the combat front along the Aisne in 1917, held by fourteen divisions, both of practically the same length, it is found that during the same period of time, from May to September, 1916, and 1917, respectively, the enemy engaged along the Verdun front twenty-five divisions last year."

1,000-YARD RUSSIAN GAIN ON THE RIGA FRONT

Petrograd Officially Reports a Big Success Over the German Forces.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 1.—Russian troops have made another advance in the Riga region, according to to-day's War Office announcement.

"Four miles south of the railway, in the Sialia Farm sector," says the statement, "our vanguard detachments pressed back enemy posts and advanced between 800 and 1,000 yards." "In the region of Kovol on Friday," the report says, "our advance troops had seven hundredweight of bombs on enemy dumps. In the region of Burzava our great airplanes of the Murmets type dropped about two hundredweight of bombs. Our non-commissioned Officer Pashchukoff shot down an enemy machine west of Ideakuts."

Every Tuesday to Be Heffless on "Penny" Road.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—Beginning tomorrow every Tuesday will be a heffless day in all dining cars and restaurants of the Pennsylvania Railroad line east of Pittsburgh and Erie.

FRENCH AVIATORS RAID STUTTGART IN 132-MILE FLIGHT

Capital of Wurttemberg Bombarded in Reprisal for Attack on Bar Le Duc.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Two French aviators have raided the German city of Stuttgart, it was officially announced to-day.

The raid occurred Saturday evening. It was in reprisal for German bombardments around Bar Le Duc.

Stuttgart is the capital of the Kingdom of Wurttemberg and is located ninety miles west of Munich. It is at least 132 miles from the nearest part of the French battle line, in the Vosges.

The city is one of the most picturesque of the German towns and contains some ancient buildings.

THANKSGIVING FEAST FOR TROOPS IN FRANCE

Turkey, Cranberry Sauce, Pumpkin Pie and All Other Trimmings to Be Provided.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Every American soldier in France is going to have a regular "home feed" on Thanksgiving Day, according to plans perfected through American headquarters.

Arrangements have been completed for importation of the turkeys and cranberries. Pumpkin for pumpkin pies presented a tough problem for a while, but it was solved through decision to use canned "filling" for the pies.

The American soldiers will get all the "trimmings" of a home dinner.

FINAL ACTION IN HOUSE ON WAR TAX BILL TO-DAY

Adjournment of Congress Now Tentatively Set for Not Later Than Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The Senate and House resumed work to-day on important war legislation with adjournment of the session tentatively set for not later than next week. The House will take final action on the \$2,700,000,000 War Tax Bill as re-drafted in conference.

Indications are that the Soldiers and Sailors' Civil Rights Bill, together with other minor legislation, will be achieved until the regular session in December.

The War Tax Bill "catches" almost everybody from the cradle to the grave. Baby's first dash of talcum powder will, under the 3 per cent manufacturers' tax on cosmetics, help Uncle Sam carry on the war, and after death the Federal collectors will be on hand to get the inheritance tax at advances on the present rate of 1 per cent on \$50,000 to 10 per cent on \$1,000,000.

Those who have profited most of the war, the recipients of enormous excess war profits, will pay the most to help carry it on. More than half the total amount of the bill, or about \$1,100,000,000, is to be collected from them.

U. S. BATTLESHIP FLOATED.

Large Fleet Pulls Off Vessel That Went Aground Friday.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Oct. 1.—The battleship of the United States Navy which went aground in home waters on Sept. 28 was floated to-day. The sea was smooth and a large fleet of vessels pulled the warship off at high tide.

The ship will be put into drydock for examination and repairs. Navy Department advisers indicate that the damage is immaterial.

\$900,000,000 LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN HERE IS STARTED WITH \$11,000,000 IN HOUR

Soldiers, Sailors and Salesmen Parade to City Hall and Mayor Buys First Bond—Big Oversubscription Expected in New York.

BRITISH AVIATORS WING FOUR RAIDERS IN LONDON ATTACK

Two Planes Destroyed, Another Brought Down—Big Gotha Damaged.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—British naval air patrols destroyed two enemy machines and brought down another, says an official announcement.

A Gotha also was brought down and is believed to have been damaged. All the British machines are safe.

Field Marshal Lord French reports that two groups of enemy machines, followed by others flying singly, crossed the Kent and Essex coasts between 6.30 and 8 o'clock. They came toward London. About ten penetrated the outer defenses, but only five reached London proper.

Bombs were dropped in Kent, Essex and London. Details of the casualties and damages have not yet been received.

Nine persons were killed and forty-two injured in last night's air raid, it is announced officially.

The week-end air raids established a record as the noisiest that London has experienced. This was due entirely to the increased number of anti-aircraft guns and the continuity of the firing. In discussing the raids, in fact, Londoners now find little to say except that the gunfire was greater or less than on former nights.

Last night the only unusual incident of the raid was the cheering which was heard from different parts of the metropolis, due to the belief that some of the raiders had been brought down.

The public, which has been looking forward to the darker nights that are approaching for a respite of the raids, has been warned that, although the recent raids occurred on moonlight nights, there is no reason to assume that as more experience is gained they may not be attempted on any night when the atmospheric conditions are favorable. The taking of necessary precautions to provide shelter is urged.

BERLIN, Oct. 1 (via London).—German aviators bombed inner London, Margate and Dover last night, according to the official statement issued to-day by the German War Office. All the German machines, it was added, returned unharmed.

REMEMBER BELGIUM, FRANCE AND RUSSIA, IS WATCHWORD

"Remind those you will meet of your great mission of the cause of this war. Remind them of Belgium, of northern France, of the millions in Russia who are stumbling in the first light of freedom. Tell them this war is not of our seeking. Tell them that if they would keep the terrors and sufferings of war from our shore, if they would support the 100,000 brave young men from this State who are either preparing in camps here or are already on the battle fronts, they must support this loan

New York City rolled up its sleeves to-day and plunged into the task of raising at least \$900,000,000 in the next thirty-one days, this being the minimum amount expected as Father Knickerbocker's contribution to the second Liberty Loan of \$2,000,000,000. Every one who has had anything to do with the stupendous beginning of the second drive is confident that the New York Federal Reserve District will not only subscribe the allotted amount, but will come pretty near to smashing its record in the first Liberty Loan, when it bought \$1,500,000,000 of the Government's war bonds.

The country-wide campaign which began to-day to prove to Uncle Sam that every dollar in the land is at his disposal in the present conflict got away to a flying start so far as New York was concerned.

With an inspiring parade of soldiers, sailors and bond salesmen, which moved to the City Hall from the financial district through flag-draped streets and lines of cheering citizens; with practically every building south of the Brooklyn Bridge displaying patriotic Liberty Loan posters; with several hundred of the city's prettiest school girls, clad in national colors, singing "America" in the historic City Hall Plaza; with Mayor Mitchell buying the first bond and sending the salesmen on their way with a rousing speech—with all these inspiring accompaniments Father Knickerbocker and his neighbors in the local Federal Reserve district set to work on the stupendous task.

Announcement in the first hour of the campaign that \$11,000,000 worth of the bonds had already been taken by three concerns gave an enthusiastic impetus to the new drive. Of this amount \$10,000,000 was divided equally between the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific Railroad Companies, which placed their orders for the bonds with Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The other million was subscribed by the banking house of Bernhard Schotte & Co., for the firm and clients.

"New York has led and must continue to lead in this great campaign," was the phrase in Mayor Mitchell's speech which brought a rousing cheer from the thousands banded in City Hall Plaza.

"You, the bond salesmen, who are to be the flying squadron of this greatest of financial undertakings, have a wonderful reputation to maintain. Go forth and do your duty and good luck be with you. You live in a city whose patriotism can never be questioned. REMEMBER BELGIUM, FRANCE AND RUSSIA, IS WATCHWORD. "Remind those you will meet of your great mission of the cause of this war. Remind them of Belgium, of northern France, of the millions in Russia who are stumbling in the first light of freedom. Tell them this war is not of our seeking. Tell them that if they would keep the terrors and sufferings of war from our shore, if they would support the 100,000 brave young men from this State who are either preparing in camps here or are already on the battle fronts, they must support this loan

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